

VII PEREODIC EXAM CLASS -XII MATHS

TIME:1.20 HR.

 $MM:(2\times10=20)$

Q. 1:Show that the line through the points (1, -1, 2) (3, 4, -2) is perpendicular to the line through the points (0, 3, 2) and (3, 5, 6).

Q. 2: Find the vector and the Cartesian equations of the lines that pass through the origin and (5, -2,3).

Q. 3:Find the values of p so the line $\frac{1-x}{3} = \frac{7y-14}{2p} = \frac{z-3}{2}$ and

$$\frac{7-7x}{3p} = \frac{y-5}{1} = \frac{6-z}{5}$$
 are at right angles.

Q.4: Find the shortest distance between the lines whose vector equations are

$$\vec{r} = (\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}) + \lambda(\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k})$$

and $\vec{r} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} + 6\hat{k} + \mu(2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k})$

Q. 5:Find the equations of the planes that passes through three points.

(a)
$$(1, 1, -1)$$
, $(6, 4, -5)$, $(-4, -2, 3)$

Q. 6: Find the equation of the plane through the intersection of the planes 3x - y + 2z - 4 = 0 and x + y + z - 2 = 0 and the point (2, 2, 1)

Q.7:Find the angle between the planes whose vector equations are

$$\vec{r} \cdot (2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}) = 5$$
 and $\vec{r} \cdot (3\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}) = 3$





Q.8:In the following cases, find the distance of each of the given points from the corresponding given plane.

(a)
$$(3, -2, 1)$$
 $2x - y + 2z + 3 = 0$

Q.9:Find the coordinates of the point where the line through (5, 1, 6) and (3, 4, 1) crosses the ZX – plane.

Q.10:Find the vector equation of the line passing through (1, 2, 3) and parallel to the planes $\vec{r} = (\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) = 5$ and $\vec{r} \cdot (3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}) = 6$

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